## o BRADY.

## Brady Corporation

## Investor Presentation



June - August 2024

## Forward-Looking Statements

In this news release, statements that are not reported financial results or other historic information are "forward-looking statements." These forward-looking statements relate to, among other things, the Company's future financial position, business strategy, targets, projected sales, costs, income, capital expenditures, debt levels and cash flows, and plans and objectives of management for future operations.

The use of words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "believe," "should," "project," "plan" or similar terminology are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements by their nature address matters that are, to different degrees, uncertain and are subject to risks, assumptions, and other factors, some of which are beyond Brady's control, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. For Brady, uncertainties arise from: increased cost of raw materials and labor as well as raw material shortages and supply chain disruptions; decreased demand for our products; our ability to compete effectively or to successfully execute our strategy; our ability to develop technologically advanced products that meet customer demands; difficulties in protecting our websites, networks and systems against security breaches; Brady's ability to identify, integrate, and grow acquired companies, and to manage contingent liabilities from divested businesses; risks associated with the loss of key employees; extensive regulations by U.S. and non-U.S. governmental and self-regulatory entities; litigation, including product liability claims; adverse impacts of regional epidemics or global pandemics; foreign currency fluctuations; potential write-offs of goodwill and other intangible assets; changes in tax legislation and tax rates; differing interests of voting and non-voting shareholders and changes in the regulatory and business environment around dual-class voting structures; numerous other matters of national, regional and global scale, including major public health crises and government responses thereto and those of a political, economic, business, competitive, and regulatory nature contained from time to time in Brady's U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission filings, including, but not limited to, those factors listed in the "Risk Factors" section within Item 1A of Part I of Brady's Form 10-K for the year ended July 31, 2023.

These uncertainties may cause Brady's actual future results to be materially different than those expressed in its forwardlooking statements. Brady does not undertake to update its forward-looking statements except as required by law.

## Brady's Mission \& Vision

## Brady will:

- Be the expert in safety, identification, and compliance
- Possess deep knowledge in niche applications
- Innovate to provide market-leading, high-performance products, complete solution sets, and systems that solve our customers' most complex safety and identification challenges to benefit their business and the environment
- Deliver via our own manufacturing capabilities and exceptional customer service based on a culture of diversity, equity, and inclusion while improving our communities



## Sustainable Long-Term Shareholder Value Growth



## Summary

Global Leader with Innovative Solutions

Long-Term Sustainable Results

- Leader in niche safety, identification, and compliance markets.
- Diversified customer base, products, and geographic footprint.
- Focused on innovation, automation, digital, and geographic expansion.
- Expanding in faster-growing end markets with secular tailwinds.
- History of sustainable efficiency gains.
- Organic Sales in F'23-5.5\% organic sales growth.
- Record EPS in F'23 - GAAP EPS of $\$ 3.51$ was up $21.0 \%$ over the prior year.


## Strong Cash Generation

## Disciplined Capital Allocation

- History of strong and improving cash generation.
- Net cash position as of April 30, 2024.
- Organic investments throughout the economic cycle.
- 38 consecutive years of annual dividend increases.
- Technology-based acquisitions that fit our strategies.
- Returned $\$ 120.4 \mathrm{M}$ to our shareholders in the form of dividends and share buybacks in F'23.


## Geographic Presence



Brazil, Canada, Mexico.

China, India,
Japan, Malaysia, South Korea, Singapore, Thailand, Vietnam.

Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Slovakia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Turkey, UAE, U.K.

## Brady's Regional Divisions

## Americas \& Asia:

- Overview:
- $67 \%$ of total revenue.
- 60\% sold through distribution / 40\% sold direct through field sales, internet, telesales and catalog.
- Primary Brands:
- Brady, PDC, Code, Magicard, Seton, and Emed.


## Europe \& Australia:

- Overview:
- $33 \%$ of total revenue.
- $40 \%$ sold through distribution / 60\% sold direct through field sales, internet, telesales and catalog.
- Primary Brands:
- Brady, Seton, Signals, Securimed and Magicard.

Safety \& Facility ID


Wire Identification


## Product ID



People Identification


## O- BRADY

## Brady’s Track \& Trace Solutions



## O- BRADY.

## Social Value is Embedded in our Strategy

Delivering on our ESG Commitments Drives Long-term Shareholder Value


## Environmental

Committed to making a material positive impact on the environment.

- Energy Efficiency
- Carbon Emissions
- Waste-to-Landfill
- Sustainable Products
- Products to Improve Customer Efficiency.



## Social

Supporting our communities, employee engagement, development and growth.

- Enhance Our Communities
- Racial Equity
- Inclusive Environment
- Diverse Workplace
- Health and Safety.



## Governance

Committed to performance, accountability, and the highest level of ethics.

- Transparency
- Executive Compensation
- Board Diversity
- Values are Embedded in Brady's Systems and Processes.


## Social Value and ESG Highlights

We are Making Significant Progress across all Areas


Milwaukee facilities were Green Tier certified in March 2022 (1 of only 50 WI -based companies at that time).

## Green Facilities

## Green Products

Water Dissolvable labels designed for use in the laboratory setting, which allow customers to reuse supplies and reduce waste.


$$
84
$$

Community organizations supported and $>\$ 500 \mathrm{~K}$ invested in racial equity funding.


Health \& Safety


## Board Committees

## 60\%

Percent of board committees that are chaired by women.

### 0.53

Total recordable incident rate is well below industry averages.

## Summary

- Focused on Organic Sales Growth:
- Innovation, automation, digital and geographic expansion.
- Organic sales growth of $5.5 \%$ for the year ended July 31, 2023.
- Shifting our Portfolio into Faster-Growing End Markets:
- Code and Nordic ID fill gaps in our industrial track-and-trace product offering.
- Well-positioned in end markets with secular tailwinds.
- Driving Strong Profit Improvements and Returning Funds to our Shareholders:
- Record EPS in F'23 with 21.0\% growth over F'23.
- Executing sustainable process improvements.
- Returned $\$ 120.4 \mathrm{M}$ to our shareholders in F'23 through dividends and share buybacks.
- Investments and Financial Strength Expected to Bode Well for the Future:
- Our on-going growth investments, strong balance sheet, and our focus on execution position us well for the future.


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Financial
Overview

$1^{\text {st }}$ Nine Months of F'24 (Millions of UsD)


## Revenues:

- Organic growth of 9.4\% in F'22 and 5.5\% in F'23.
- Foreign currency translation was a headwind due to the year-over-year strengthening of the U.S. dollar in both F'22 and F'23.


## Gross Profit Margins



## Gross Profit Margin:

- Focus on sustainable operational improvements and automation throughout our businesses.
- History of gross profit margins approximating 50\%.
- Improved gross profit margin in F'23 and F'24.


## Research \& Development

## Annual Trends


$\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ Nine Months of F'24 (Millions of USD)


Apr. 30, 2023

9 Mos. Ended
Apr. 30, 2024

## R\&D Expense:

- Increased investment in R\&D to drive future organic sales growth.
- Developing an innovative new product pipeline.
- Focused on efficiency and shortening the time to market.


## SG\&A Expenses



## SG\&A Expense:

- Investing in sales and marketing activities to drive future organic sales growth.
- SG\&A expense increased due to the 3 acquisitions completed in the fourth quarter of $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} 21$.


## Income Before Income Taxes

## Annual Trends




## Income Before Income Taxes:

- History of strong year-over-year pre-tax earnings growth leading up to the pandemic.
- Pre-tax earnings declined in F'20 due to the pandemic.
- We believe that our streamlined cost structure, investments to drive organic growth, and strong balance sheet set the stage for continued pre-tax income growth.


## Diluted EPS



## Diluted EPS:

- History of strong year-over-year EPS growth leading up to the pandemic.
- EPS benefiting from strong earnings growth and a reduced share count.
- EPS CAGR of 12.1\% over the 7-year period ended July 31, 2023, and 19.3\% growth in F'23.

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## Cash Generation

Cash from Op. Activities - Annual Trends (Millions of USD)

$1^{\text {st }}$ Nine Months of F'24 USD)


## Cash Generation:

- History of strong cash generation.
- F'22 cash generation was negatively impacted by an intentional \$62.9M increase in inventory levels.
- Improved earnings and reduced inventory purchases led to the significant increase in cash flow from operating activities in F'23 and F'24.



## Strong Balance Sheet:

- April 30, 2024 cash $=\$ 160.5 \mathrm{M}$ and debt $=\$ 63.8 \mathrm{M}$.
- Brady is in a net cash position, even after investing \$244M in acquisitions in Q4 of F'21, returning more than $\$ 155 \mathrm{M}$ to our shareholders through both dividends and share buybacks in F'22, and returning more than \$120M to our shareholders through both dividends and share buybacks in F'23.
- Balance sheet provides flexibility for future organic and inorganic investments.


## Americas \& Asia

| F'23 vs. F'22 |  | (millions of USD) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales <br> Segment Profit <br> Segment Profit \% | F'23 <br> \$ 888.9 <br> 180.5 <br> 20.3\% | $\begin{array}{r} \text { F'22 } \\ \$ 861.1 \\ 157.3 \\ 18.3 \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Change } \\ +3.2^{\circ} \\ +14.7^{\prime} \\ +200 \mathrm{bp} \end{array}$ |
| SALES \& SEGMENT PROFIT \% (millions of USD) |  |  |  |
|  <br>  Cur. Trans. (0.4\%) $0.1 \% \quad 1.1 \% \quad 1.9 \% \quad 0.9 \% \quad 0 \% \quad(0.1 \%)(1.0 \%)(1.4 \%)(1.0 \%)(0.8 \%)(0.2 \%)$ Acq. I (Divest.) - $\quad$ - $3.7 \% 8.3 \% 8.1 \% 8.6 \% 2.8 \% \quad$ - $\quad$ ( $0.3 \%$ ) ( $1.0 \%$ ) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |



## Europe \& Australia

| F'23 vs. F'22 |  | (millions of USD) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales <br> Segment Profit <br> Segment Profit \% | F'23 <br> \$ 443.0 <br> 65.7 <br> 14.8\% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F'22 } \\ & \$ 441.0 \\ & 63.1 \\ & 14.3 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Change } \\ & 0.5 \% \\ & +4.3 \% \\ & +50 \mathrm{bps} \end{aligned}$ |
| SALES \& SEGMENT PROFIT \% (millions of USD) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Organic $\quad 1.5 \%(4.4 \%) 4.2 \%$ 3.2\% $2.6 \% ~ 11.7 \% ~ 8.5 \% ~ 8.8 \% ~ 12.8 \% ~ 5.2 \% ~ 3.4 \% ~ 9.5 \%$ <br>  |  |  |  |


| SALES \& SEGMENT PROFIT \% |  |  | (millions of USD) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} \$ 450 \\ \$ 400 \\ \$ 350 \\ \$ 300 \\ \$ 250 \\ \$ 200 \\ \$ 150 \\ \$ 100 \\ \$ 50 \\ \$- \end{array}$ |  | \$441 | \$443 | $\left[\begin{array}{c} 16 \% \\ -14 \% \\ \\ 12 \% \\ \\ \\ \\ 10 \% \end{array}\right.$ |
|  | 14\% |  | 15\% |  |
|  |  | 14\% |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | F'21 | F'22 | F'23 |  |
| Organic | 1.1\% | 7.9\% | 7.6\% |  |
| Cur. Trans. | 8.1\% | (7.0\%) | (7.1\%) |  |
| Acquisitions | 1.6\% | 6.9\% | - |  |

## Summary

- We are financially strong.
- Accelerated organic sales growth.
- Improved profitability.
- Returning funds to our shareholders.
- Enhanced new product pipeline, positive sales momentum, organic growth investments, a strong balance sheet, and a focus on execution puts Brady in an excellent position for the future.


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## Appendix

Q3 F'24 Financial Review

## Q3 F'24 Highlights

## Organic Sales Growth

## Improved GPM

## Expanding Earnings per Share

- Organic sales grew 4.5\%, with organic growth in both regions.
- GPM of $51.6 \%$ compared to $50.3 \%$ in Q3 of F'23.
- Continued improvement in gross profit margin in F'24.
- GAAP EPS of $\$ 1.05$ was up $9.4 \%$ over Q3 of last year.
- Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items* increased $14.7 \%$ to $\$ 1.09$ in Q3 of F'24 compared to $\$ 0.95$ in Q3 of F'23.
- Americas \& Asia organic sales growth of $4.5 \%$; segment profit increased 1.0\%.
- Europe \& Australia organic sales growth of 4.4\%; segment profit increased 14.3\%.
- Purchased 863k shares for $\$ 50.4 \mathrm{M}$.


## Returning Capital to our Shareholders



## Q3 F'24 SALES:

- Total sales increased 1.9\%.
- Organic sales increased $4.5 \%$.
- Americas \& Asia - Organic sales increased 4.5\%.
- Europe \& Australia - Organic sales increased 4.4\%.
- Foreign currency translation decreased sales $0.3 \%$.
- Divestitures decreased sales $2.3 \%$.


## Q3 F'24 SALES COMMENTARY:

- Organic sales were up $4.9 \%$ in the Americas with growth in all major product lines.
- Asia organic sales were up $1.9 \%$ with growth in all countries offsetting a decline in organic sales in China.
- Organic sales were up $4.7 \%$ in Europe with growth in all major product lines.
- Australia organic sales were up 2.6\%.


## Gross Profit Margin

GROSS PROFIT \& GPM\%
(millions of USD)


## Q3 F'24 - GROSS PROFIT MARGIN:

- Gross profit margin of $51.6 \%$ compared to $50.3 \%$ in Q3 of F'23.
- Organic sales growth from higher gross profit margin products and reduced input costs resulted in increased gross profit margin in Q3 of F'24.
- Inflation continues, but we are experiencing a reduced rate of inflation in certain geographies.

SG\&A EXPENSE AND SG\&A EXPENSE AS A \% OF SALES


## Q3 F'24 - SG\&A EXPENSE:

- SG\&A expense was $27.9 \%$ of sales compared to $27.0 \%$ of sales in the same quarter last year. Excluding non-GAAP* items from both periods, SG\&A expense was $27.2 \%$ of sales compared to $27.4 \%$ of sales in the same quarter last year.
- Inflation continues in certain geographies. We continue to focus on executing sustainable efficiency gains in order to offset cost increases, while making the necessary investments to drive future sales growth.



## Q3 F'24 - R\&D EXPENSE:

- Several new product launches this quarter, we remain committed to our investments in R\&D in order to drive long-term sales growth.
- We are focused on ensuring that our R\&D spend is both efficient and effective.

INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES (GAAP)


## Q3 F'24 - INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES:

- GAAP Income before income taxes was up $2.2 \%$ to $\$ 64.4 \mathrm{M}$ in Q3 of $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} 24$ compared to $\$ 63.0 \mathrm{M}$ in Q3 of $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} 23$.
- Excluding non-GAAP* items from both periods, income before income taxes was up $8.2 \%$ to $\$ 66.8 \mathrm{M}$ in Q3 of $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} 24$ compared to \$61.7M in Q3 of F'23.


## Net Income \& Diluted EPS



## DILUTED EPS (GAAP)



## Q3 F'24 - NET INCOME \& DILUTED EPS:

- GAAP Net Income was $\$ 50.9 \mathrm{M}$ in Q 3 of $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} 24$ compared to $\$ 48.1 \mathrm{M}$ in Q 3 of $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} 23$ (an increase of $5.9 \%$ ).
- Net Income Excluding Certain Items* was $\$ 52.7 \mathrm{M}$ in Q3 of F'24 compared to $\$ 47.6 \mathrm{M}$ in Q3 of F'23 (an increase of 10.7\%).
- GAAP Diluted EPS was $\$ 1.05$ in Q3 of F'24 compared to $\$ 0.96$ in Q3 of F'23 (an increase of $9.4 \%$ ).
- Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items* was $\$ 1.09$ in Q3 of F'24 compared to $\$ 0.95$ in Q3 of F'23 (an increase of 14.7\%).


## Cash Generation




| (milions of fSS | 3 Mos. Ended Apr. 30, 2024 |  | 3 Mos. Ended <br> Apr. 30, 2023 |  | 9 Mos. Ended <br> Apr. 30, 2024 |  | 9 Mos. Ended <br> Apr. 30, 2023 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash Balance - Beginning of Period | \$ | 143.9 | \$ | 108.2 | \$ | 151.5 | \$ | 114.1 |
| Cash Flow from Operating Activities |  | 72.7 |  | 72.5 |  | 171.1 |  | 129.9 |
| Capital Expenditures |  | (8.3) |  | (4.7) |  | (69.2) |  | (12.9) |
| Dividends |  | (11.2) |  | (11.4) |  | (33.9) |  | (34.2) |
| Share Repurchases |  | (50.4) |  | (11.9) |  | (72.2) |  | (29.8) |
| Proceeds from Sale of Business |  | - |  | 8.0 |  |  |  | 8.0 |
| Debt Borrowings / (Repayments) |  | 15.7 |  | (26.4) |  | 14.1 |  | (44.2) |
| Effect of Exchange Rates on Cash |  | (0.6) |  | - |  | (2.8) |  | 2.0 |
| Other |  | (1.3) |  | 0.7 |  | 1.9 |  | 2.1 |
| Cash Balance - End of Period | \$ | 160.5 | \$ | 135.0 | \$ | 160.5 | \$ | 135.0 |

* Free cash flow is calculated as Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities less Capital Expenditures.


## Net Cash

NET CASH (millions of USD)


## STRONG BALANCE SHEET:

- April 30, 2024 cash $=\$ 160.5 \mathrm{M}$.
- April 30, 2024 debt $=\$ 63.8 \mathrm{M}$.
- Balance sheet provides flexibility for future organic and inorganic investments.

| Q3 F'24 vs. Q3 F'23 |  | (millions of USD) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q3 F'24 | Q3 F'23 | Change |
| Sales | \$ 224.8 | \$ 222.8 | 0.9\% |
| Segment Profit | 49.7 | 49.2 | + 1.0\% |
| Segment Profit \% | 22.1\% | 22.1\% | + 0 bps |



## Q3 F'24 SUMMARY:

- Revenues increased 0.9\% in Q3 of F'24:
- Organic growth $=+4.5 \%$.
- Fx decrease $=(0.1 \%)$.
- Divestiture $=(3.5 \%)$.
- Organic sales grew $4.9 \%$ in the Americas. Growth in all major product lines and geographies.
- Organic sales grew 1.9\% in Asia; growth throughout the region more than offset an organic sales decline in China.
- Slight increase in segment profit due to organic sales growth in higher gross margin product lines, which was partially offset by additional investment in sales and research \& development resources.


## OUTLOOK:

- Organic sales growth in the low-single digit percentages in $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} 24$.
- Continued growth in segment profit.


## Europe \& Australia

| Q3 F'24 vs. Q3 F'23 |  | (millions of USD) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q3 F'24 | Q3 F'23 | Change |
| Sales | \$ 118.6 | \$ 114.3 | + 3.8\% |
| Segment Profit | 19.5 | 17.1 | + 14.3\% |
| Segment Profit \% | 16.5\% | 15.0\% | + 150 bps |



## Q3 F'24 SUMMARY:

- Revenues increased 3.8\% in Q3 of F'24:
- Organic growth $=+4.4 \%$.
- $F x$ decrease $=(0.6 \%)$.
- Organic sales grew $4.7 \%$ in Europe driven by growth in most major product lines and geographies.
- Organic sales grew $2.6 \%$ in Australia primarily due to increased sales in the wire identification and product identification product lines.
- Segment profit increased primarily due to organic sales growth and improved gross profit margins resulting from product mix and reductions in freight expenses.


## OUTLOOK:

- Organic sales growth in the low-single digit percentages in F'24.
- Growth in segment profit.


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## Appendix

GAAP to Non-GAAP
Reconciliations

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

## GAAP to NON-GAAP MEASURES

(Unaudited; Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

In accordance with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's Regulation G, the following provides definitions of the non-GAAP measures used in the earnings release and the reconciliation to the most closely related GAAP measure

## Income Before Income Taxes Excluding Certain Items

Brady is presenting the non-GAAP measure, "Income Before Income Taxes Excluding Certain Items." This is not a calculation based upon GAAP. The amounts included in this non-GAAP measure are derived from amounts included in the Consolidated Financial Statements and supporting footnote disclosures. We do not view these items to be part of our ongoing results. We believe this profit measure provides an important perspective of underlying business trends and results and provides a more comparable measure from year to year. The table below provides a reconciliation of the GAAP measure of Income before income taxes to the non-GAAP measure of Income Before Income Taxes Excluding Certain Items:

|  | Three months ended April 30, |  |  |  | Nine months ended April 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2023 |  |
| Income before income taxes | S | 64,411 | \$ | 63,033 | \$ | 179,633 | \$ | 161,878 |
| Amortization expense |  | 2,365 |  | 2,461 |  | 7,084 |  | 9,350 |
| Gain on sale of business |  | - |  | $(3,770)$ |  | - |  | $(3,770)$ |
| Income Before Income Taxes Excluding Certain Items (non-GAAP measure) | \$ | 66,776 | \$ | 61,724 | \$ | 186,717 | \$ | 167,458 |

## Income Tax Expense Excluding Certain Items:

Brady is presenting the non-GAAP measure, "Income Tax Expense Excluding Certain Items." This is not a calculation based upon GAAP. The amounts included in this non-GAAP measure are derived from amounts included in the Consolidated Financial Statements and supporting footnote disclosures. We do not view these items to be part of our ongoing results. We believe this measure provides an important perspective of underlying business trends and results and provides a more comparable measure from year to year. The table below provides a reconciliation of the GAAP measure of Income tax expense to the non-GAAP measure of Income Tax Expense Excluding Certain Items:

|  | Three months ended April 30, |  |  |  | Nine months ended April 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2023 |  |
| Income tax expense (GAAP measure) | \$ | 13,521 | \$ | 14,981 | \$ | 37,874 | \$ | 36,399 |
| Amortization expense |  | 548 |  | 569 |  | 1,642 |  | 2,203 |
| Gain on sale of business |  | - |  | $(1,431)$ |  | - |  | $(1,431)$ |
| Income Tax Expense Excluding Certain Items (non-GAAP measure) | \$ | 14,069 | \$ | 14,119 | \$ | 39,516 | \$ | 37,171 |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

## GAAP to NON-GAAP MEASURES

(Unaudited; Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

In accordance with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's Regulation G, the following provides definitions of the non-GAAP measures used in the earnings release and the reconciliation to the most closely related GAAP measure.

## Net Income Excluding Certain Items:

Brady is presenting the non-GAAP measure, "Net Income Excluding Certain Items." This is not a calculation based upon GAAP. The amounts included in this non-GAAP measure are derived from amounts included in the Consolidated Financial Statements and supporting footnote disclosures. We do not view these items to be part of our ongoing results. We believe this measure provides an important perspective of underlying business trends and results and provides a more comparable measure from year to year. The table below provides a reconciliation of the GAAP measure of Net income to the non-GAAP measure of Net Income Excluding Certain Items:

|  | Three months ended April 30, |  |  |  | Nine months ended April 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2023 |  |
| Net income (GAAP measure) | \$ | 50,890 | \$ | 48,052 | \$ | 141,759 | \$ | 125,479 |
| Amortization expense |  | 1,817 |  | 1,892 |  | 5,442 |  | 7,147 |
| Gain on sale of business |  | - |  | $(2,339)$ |  | - |  | $(2,339)$ |
| Net Income Excluding Certain Items (non-GAAP measure) | \$ | 52,707 | \$ | 47,605 | \$ | 147,201 | \$ | 130,287 |

## Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items:

Brady is presenting the non-GAAP measure, "Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items." This is not a calculation based upon GAAP. The amounts included in this non-GAAP measure are derived from amounts included in the Consolidated Financial Statements. We do not view these items to be part of our ongoing results. We believe this measure provides an important perspective of underlying business trends and results and provides a more comparable measure from year to year. The table below provides a reconciliation of the GAAP measure of Net income per Class A Nonvoting Common Share to the non-GAAP measure of Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items (Note that certain amounts will not foot due to rounding):

|  | Three months ended April 30, |  |  |  | Nine months ended April 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2024 |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2023 |  |
| Net income per Class A Nonvoting Common Share (GAAP measure) | \$ | 1.05 | \$ | 0.96 | \$ | 2.91 | \$ | 2.51 |
| Amortization expense |  | 0.04 |  | 0.04 |  | 0.11 |  | 0.14 |
| Gain on sale of business |  | - |  | (0.05) |  | - |  | (0.05) |
| Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items (non-GAAP measure) | \$ | 1.09 | \$ | 0.95 | \$ | 3.03 | \$ | 2.60 |


[^0]:    * F'18 diluted EPS excludes an income tax charge of $\$ 0.40$ resulting from the U.S. Tax Cuts and Jobs Act and a gain of
    $\$ 0.09$ from the sale of a business. F'23 diluted EPS excludes a gain of $\$ 0.05$ from the sale of a business.

